QUIZ 10 SOLUTIONS: LESSONS 13-14 SEPTEMBER 29, 2017

Write legibly, clearly indicate the question you are answering, and put a box or circle around your final answer. If you do not clearly indicate the question numbers, I will take off points. Write as much work as you need to demonstrate to me that you understand the concepts involved. If you have any questions, raise your hand and I will come over to you.

Let S be the region bounded by the curves

$$y = x^2, \quad y = 0, \quad x = 1.$$

This region looks like



1. Find the volume of the solid obtained by revolving the region S about the y-axis.

Solution:

We have this picture



Because we are revolving around a vertical line, we must solve for x. We have

$$y = x^2 \Rightarrow x = \sqrt{y}.$$

Since there is a gap between where we are revolving and S, we use the washer method. Thus

Outer Radius :
$$x = 1$$

Inner Radius : $x = \sqrt{y}$
Bounds : $0 \le y \le 1$

Putting this all together, our volume is given by

Volume =
$$\int_0^1 \pi \left[(1)^2 - (\sqrt{y})^2 \right] dy$$
$$= \int_0^1 \pi \left[(1 - y) \right] dy$$
$$= \pi \left[y - \frac{1}{2} y^2 \right]_0^1$$
$$= \pi \left((1 - \frac{1}{2} (1)^2) \right)$$
$$= \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \right]$$

2. Find the volume of the solid obtained by revolving the region S about the line y = 1.

Solution:

We have this picture



This is a washer method problem because there is a gap between the S and where we are revolving. The outer radius is the **difference** between y = 1 and the x-axis and the inner radius is the **difference** between y = 1 and the

curve $y = x^2$. This means

Outer Radius : y = 1 - 0Inner Raidus : $y = 1 - x^2$ Bounds : $0 \le x \le 1$

Thus

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Volume} &= \int_0^1 \pi \left[(1-0)^2 - (1-x^2)^2 \right] \, dx \\ &= \int_0^1 \pi \left[1 - (1-x^2)^2 \right] \, dx \\ &= \pi \int_0^1 \left[1 - (1-2x^2+x^4) \right] \, dx \\ &= \pi \int_0^1 \left[2x^2 - x^4 \right] \, dx \\ &= \pi \left(\frac{2}{3}x^3 - \frac{1}{5}x^5 \right) \Big|_0^1 \\ &= \pi \left(\frac{2}{3}(1)^3 - \frac{1}{5}(1)^5 \right) \\ &= \pi \left(\frac{10}{15} - \frac{3}{15} \right) \\ &= \left[\frac{7\pi}{15} \right] \end{aligned}$$